



**Dr. Frank Ranelli**  
**Superintendent of Schools**

**David Oliveira**  
**Business Administrator/Board Secretary**

June 27, 2022

Children’s Corner River School  
 Piscataway Township Schools  
 2300 Cooper St, Piscataway, NJ 08854

Dear Children’s Corner River School Community,

Our school system is committed to protecting student, teacher, and staff health. To protect our community and be in compliance with the Department of Education regulations, Piscataway Township Schools tested our preschools’ drinking water for lead and copper.

In accordance with the Department of Education regulations, Children’s Corner River School will implement immediate remedial measures for any drinking water outlet with a result greater than the lead action level of 15 µg/l (parts per billion [ppb]) and copper action level of 1,300 µg/l (parts per billion [ppb]). This includes turning off the outlet unless it is determined the location must remain on for non-drinking purposes. In these cases, a “DO NOT DRINK – SAFE FOR HANDWASHING ONLY” sign will be posted.

**Testing Results**

Following instructions given in technical guidance developed by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, we completed a plumbing profile for each of the buildings Piscataway Township Schools. Through this effort, we identified and tested all drinking water and food preparation outlets. Of the 6 samples taken, all but 2 tested below the lead action level established by the US Environmental Protection Agency for lead in drinking water (15 µg/l [ppb]) and all but 3 tested below the copper action level established by the US Environmental Protection Agency for copper in drinking water (1,300 µg/l [ppb]).

The table below identifies the drinking water outlets that tested above the 15 µg/l for lead and 1,300 µg/l for copper, the actual lead level and copper level, and what temporary remedial action Piscataway Township Schools has taken to reduce the levels of lead and copper at these locations.

| <b>Sample Location</b>            | <b>First Draw Result in µg/l (ppb)</b> | <b>Remedial Action</b>  |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| 6/KS-4/Kitchen                    | 165 (lead)<br>2400 (copper)            | Posted signage “DO NOT DRINK- SAFE FOR HANDWASHING ONLY”. Alternative water locations provided.                                       |
| 7/HWC-1/Upstairs Hall by Room C13 | 1800 (copper)                          | Posted signage “DO NOT DRINK- SAFE FOR HANDWASHING ONLY”. Fixture covered/removed from service. Alternative water locations provided. |

|                 |                              |   |
|-----------------|------------------------------|---|
| 8/KS-5/Room C20 | 47.4 (lead)<br>1700 (copper) | Posted signage “DO NOT DRINK- SAFE FOR HANDWASHING ONLY”. Alternative water locations provided. |
|-----------------|------------------------------|---|

In consultation with TTI Environmental, Inc., the Piscataway Township Schools determined that some drinking water outlets had deviated from their normal usage pattern prior to testing. Testing procedures were re-initiated on the locations that tested above the lead and/or copper action levels established by the US Environmental Protection Agency and confirmatory sampling was completed. Of the 3 samples taken, all but 1 tested below the lead action level for lead in drinking water (15 µg/l [ppb]) and all tested below the copper action level for copper in drinking water (1,300 µg/l [ppb]). The table below identifies the drinking water outlets that tested above the 15 µg/l for lead in the confirmatory samples, the actual lead level, and what temporary remedial action Piscataway Township Schools has taken to reduce the levels of lead at these locations.

| Sample Location | First Draw Result in µg/l (ppb) | Remedial Action   |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 6/KS-4/Kitchen  | 88.3 (lead)                     | Posted signage “DO NOT DRINK- SAFE FOR HANDWASHING ONLY”. Alternative water locations provided. |

### Health Effects of Lead

High levels of lead in drinking water can cause health problems. Lead is most dangerous for pregnant women, infants, and children under 6 years of age. It can cause damage to the brain and kidneys, and can interfere with the production of red blood cells that carry oxygen to all parts of your body. Exposure to high levels of lead during pregnancy contributes to low birth weight and developmental delays in infants. In young children, lead exposure can lower IQ levels, affect hearing, reduce attention span, and hurt school performance. At *very* high levels, lead can even cause brain damage. Adults with kidney problems and high blood pressure can be affected by low levels of lead more than healthy adults.

### How Lead Enters our Water

Lead is unusual among drinking water contaminants in that it seldom occurs naturally in water supplies like groundwater, rivers and lakes. Lead enters drinking water primarily as a result of the corrosion, or wearing away, of materials containing lead in the water distribution system and in building plumbing. These materials include lead-based solder used to join copper pipe, brass, and chrome-plated brass faucets. In 1986, Congress banned the use of lead solder containing greater than 0.2% lead, and restricted the lead content of faucets, pipes and other plumbing materials. However, even the lead in plumbing materials meeting these new requirements is subject to corrosion. When water stands in lead pipes or plumbing systems containing lead for several hours or more, the lead may dissolve into the drinking water. This means the first water drawn from the tap in the morning *may* contain fairly high levels of lead.

### Lead in Drinking Water

Lead in drinking water, although rarely the sole cause of lead poisoning can significantly increase a person’s total lead exposure, particularly the exposure of children under the age of 6. EPA estimates that drinking water can make up 20% or more of a person’s total exposure to lead.

For More Information

A copy of the test results is available in our central office for inspection by the public, including students, teachers, other school personnel, and parents, and can be viewed between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. and are also available on our website at [www.piscatawayschools.org](http://www.piscatawayschools.org). For more information about water quality in our schools, contact William Griffith at the Facilities Department, 732-572-2289 x2613.

For more information on reducing lead exposure around your home and the health effects of lead, visit EPA's Web site at [www.epa.gov/lead](http://www.epa.gov/lead), call the National Lead Information Center at 800-424-LEAD, or contact your health care provider.

If you are concerned about lead exposure at this facility or in your home, you may want to ask your health care providers about testing children to determine levels of lead in their blood.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David Oliveira". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal stroke at the end.

David Oliveira  
Business Administrator/Board Secretary  
Piscataway Township Schools